No.N-11025/26/2011-UCD

Government of India Ministry of Urban Development GUIDELINES FOR TWINNING OF CITIES, 2014

I. INTRODUCTION:

- (a) "Twinning of Cities" refers to the development of strategic partnership between two or more communities in an effort to exchange information, ideas, technical assistance, training and other pertinent activities related to sustainable development. Such partnerships have great potential of mobilizing development resources, providing opportunities for the exchange of knowledge and ideas, improving the capacities of cities worldwide, and promoting cross-cultural understanding.
- (b) An increasing number of development practitioners are embracing the benefits and potential of "Twinning of Cities" in complementing innovative development approaches. Twinning of Cities holds much promise not only in providing solutions, but also in serving as a breeding ground for fostering innovation and change, as the communities compare and share strategies adopted by them.
- (c) Successful Twinning arrangements between cities require several key ingredients, which include:
 - Local political and administrative leadership.
 - Local non-government and community-based organizational leadership.
 - Development of public-private partnership between the local government and community-based non-government organizations and corporations.
 - Strategic recognition and financial support to City-to-City partnerships and programmes by international, national and local development agencies.
 - Evaluation of projects and partnerships and dissemination of best practices.
 - Visibility of City-to-City cooperation as a viable development model.
- (d) The opportunities and challenges of the 21st Century require a local governance system, which is capable of delineating critical issues, offering appropriate policy alternatives, seeking feedback on which policies to adopt, implementing the agreed upon policy, and ensuring adequate monitoring and assessment. City-to-City cooperation in this context has the potential of substantially the strengthening local governments. Through strategic pairs, communities can develop an effective work plan that focuses on issues of good governance, which is one of the cornerstones for effective local economic development, besides integrating the local communities into the global arena.

II. COVERAGE

- (a) In view of the rapid transformation that has been happening in the urban sector, Twinning has become increasingly relevant to all cities. However, twinning proposals will be processed in respect of Statutory Towns, as notified under relevant law by the State / Union Territory Government concerned and have duly constituted municipalities in place.
- (b) The categorization of the Indian cities and the maximum number of foreign cities /provinces/States with which they may be twinned is as under:

S. No	Categorization of Indian Cities	Existing	Proposed
	(Population as per Census 2011)		
1.	>10 million	4	15
2.	5-10 million	4	10
3.	1-5 million	-	5
4.	0.1 – 1 million	2	3
5.	Rest of the cities	1	2

III. OBJECTIVES

The objectives of twinning arrangements should be:

- (a) to strengthen bonds of friendship between a city in India and the twinned city in another country;
- (b) the twinning arrangement may not be necessarily monetary
- (c) to exchange the expertise and co-operation in the fields of service delivery, civic administration, land use planning & management, transport, shelter, education, culture, sports, waste water & solid waste management, infrastructure, environment, public health, science & technology, tourism, heritage management, urban renewal, urban and regional planning and related matters;
- (d) to promote exchange visits of experts and practitioners in the fields indicated above;
- (e) to encourage the study of culture, art, literature and language of twinned cities for better understanding between citizens;
- (f) to invite people of the twinned cities to undertake visits, and specifically encourage families or associations in the cities to accept the families from other cities as guests in order to observe the life style of citizens closely and to identify common problems and solutions;

- (g) to encourage establishment of links between non-governmental organizations and associations functioning in the relevant fields in the twinned cities; and
- (h) to promote international understanding, goodwill and enrichment of culture, gender equity, social inclusion and sustainable development.

IV. NATURE OF TWINNING ARRANGEMENTS

The Twinning Arrangements may be established between an Indian city, and city/state / province of a foreign country. The twinning arrangement may also associate multilateral agency; and government agency/ community-based non-government organization of respective country.

V. PROCEDURE TO BE FOLLOWED BY STATE GOVERNMENTS

- (a) The State Government concerned should obtain the formal consent of the local government of the foreign city to be twinned.
- (b) After it is agreed to twin a foreign city with an Indian city, an agreement may be reached on specific objectives of twinning within the broad framework of objectives mentioned above. The said agreement may also spell out the specific activities to be undertaken, such as visits by citizens, supply of educational and other material cultural exchanges, support of non-governmental organizations, host families, etc..
- (c) Template of the Agreement for the Twinning Arrangement is at *Annexure*.

VI. RECEIPT OF PROPOSALS

The Local Self Government (LSG) Division of the Ministry of Urban Development, Government of India (MoUD) shall receive proposals submitted by the State Government concerned. The proposals shall be submitted to Director (LSG), Ministry of Urban Development, Government of India.

VII. PROCESSING AND APPROVAL OF TWINNING PROPOSALS.

- (a) The Ministry of Urban Development, Government of India is the nodal Ministry for the Scheme Twinning Arrangements.
- (b) After scrutiny of the proposal submitted by State Government, the MoUD shall seek the concurrence from Ministries concerned including the Ministry of External Affairs. After the ministries concerned give their concurrence to the proposal, the MoUD shall process the proposal for Final Approval.

(c) Final Approval to the Twinning Proposal shall be accorded by the MoUD with the approval of the Minister of Urban Development. Subsequently, it would be upto the State Government/Local Body concerned to make necessary arrangements for signing of the Agreement and implementing the same.

VIII. GENERAL ISSUES

- (a) The Twinning Agreement shall remain in force for period of three years subject to renewal. It can, however be terminated even earlier, if either Party gives a written notice to the other Party of its intention to terminate the Agreement at least three (03) months in advance. The termination an existing Agreement shall not affect completion of the ongoing projects carried out under the existing Agreement.
- (b) All existing Twinning Agreements/MoUs, which do not indicate the duration / life of the Twinning Agreement/MoU, shall be deemed to have expired, if older than three years, unless renewed by mutual consent of the two cities/parties and their respective State Governments.
- (c) The Twinning Agreement shall not create binding obligations among the Parties.
- (d) Nothing in the Agreement should preclude either of the Parties from exercising any measures and satisfying any obligations prescribed under the laws of their respective jurisdiction.
- (e) The Parties to the Twinning Agreement should ensure that financial resources and due procedural approvals to support any activities are available prior to undertaking them.
- (f) The Twinning Agreement may be amended at any time by written agreement among the Parties.
- (g) Any dispute arising out of the interpretation, application or implementation of the Twinning Agreement shall be settled amicably through consultation or negotiation between the Parties.
- (h) All proposals for twinning links should clearly spell out the financial implications, especially the foreign exchange involved, at the stage of formulation of the agreement. Where the twinning links involve grant of major financial assistance by any of the parties/cities, whether in cash or in kind, it should be approved in advance by the Department of Economic Affairs, Ministry of Finance, Government of India.
- (i) The twinning links will be at the local body level and expenditure involved, if any, in establishing the twinning links would be borne by the concerned local body. There will be no financial commitment on the part of the Government of India.

- (j) Visits of foreign delegation in pursuance of the twinning arrangements will follow established procedures relating to visits and obtaining clearance from authorities concerned of the Government of India.
- (k) The MoUD and the State Government concerned should be kept informed about the implementation of the twinning arrangements and they may also informally monitor the various outcomes of the twinning arrangements.
- (l) The signatory to the Twinning Agreement should preferably be the Chief Executive of the City government / Municipality i.e Mayor /Chairperson etc.
- (m) After signing the Twinning Agreement, the State Government should place a copy of the same on their website and also of the city / municipality concerned, besides providing a copy of the same to the Ministry of Urban Development and Ministry of External Affairs, Government of India.
- (n) The State Government should appoint a Nodal Officer for twinning matters.
- (o) The Indian High Commission/ Embassy should be kept informed of the agreement and the follow up action taken after the cities have been twinned.
- (p) The Indian city that is twinned with any foreign city should maintain proper documentation regarding the various activities undertaken in pursuance of the agreement. It should send annual reports to the State Government concerned and Ministry of Urban Development and Ministry of External Affairs, Government of India besides placing on the relevant website.

TEMPLATE FOR TWINNING AGREEMENT

AGREEMENT ON THE ESTABLISHMENT OF FRIENDSHIP AND COOPERATION BETWEEN

BETWEEN	
AND	

1) Introduction

The Municipal Corporate	tion / Council /	Committee/	Municipality	of _		City,	(the
State), Republic of Inc	dia and the	() (hereina	ıfter	referred	to as	the
"Parties"),							

In furtherance of their desire to establish friendship and cooperation between the two Parties, thus contributing to the enhancement of the relations of strategic partnership between _____ and India,

Have agreed to the following

2) Purpose

The purpose of this Agreement is to

- (a) establish friendship & cooperation and create mechanisms for its implementation within the framework of their respective jurisdiction, on the basis of mutual respect, equality and mutual benefit, in conformity with the laws and policies of _____ and India as well as the international agreements inked by the two countries;
- (b) maintain regular contacts including between the designated authorities;
- (c) To the above ends, to undertake exchanges involving delegations, interaction between institutions, and sharing of experiences in the areas of mutual interest.

3) Areas of Cooperation

To exchange the expertise and co-operation in the fields of service delivery, civic administration, land use planning & management, transport, shelter, education, culture, sports, waste water & solid waste management, infrastructure, environment, public health, science & technology, tourism, heritage management, urban renewal, urban and regional planning and related matters.

4) Roles of Parties

In order to implement the activities mentioned above, the Parties will carry out their work assignments as described below:

I. Role of Municipal Corporation / Council / Committee/ Municipality of _____City (the Republic of India)

- (d) Solicit the support of Urban Development Department, Government of (State Government) for implementing all relevant aspects of this Agreement.
- (e) Undertake all works according to the highest professional and ethical standards.
- (f) Create and operationalize a Twinning Cell at the City level.
- (g) Form a Committee to support the Twinning Cell and give technical advice.
- (h) Support the organization of activity related workshops etc.
- (i) Conduct community participation activities and coordinate with concerned.
- (j) Maintain proper documentation regarding the various activities undertaken in pursuance of this agreement and send annual reports to the State Government concerned and Ministry of Urban Development and Ministry of External Affairs, Government of India, besides placing on the relevant website
- (k) Ensure, after signing of the Twinning Agreement, to place a copy of the same on the website of City and the State Government, besides formally providing a copy of the same to the Ministry of Urban Development and Ministry of External Affairs Government of India.
- (l) Any other specific role/s as agreed among Parties.

II. Role of ______(Foreign City/Province)

- (a) Solicit the support of ______, Government of (Foreign Government) for implementing all relevant aspects of this Agreement.
- (b) Undertake all works according to the highest professional and ethical standards.
- (c) Create and operationalize a Twinning Cell at the City /Province level.
- (d) Form a Committee to support the Twinning Cell and give technical advice.
- (e) Support the organization of activity related workshops, study tours etc.
- (f) Conduct community participation activities and coordinate with concerned.
- (g) Any other specific role/s as agreed among Parties.

5) Obligations of Parties

The Parties shall

- (a) Conduct regular meetings to communicate on all programmes, projects and activities that are to be undertaken under this Agreement.
- (b) Develop an annual 'Joint Action Plan' and project proposals/activities.
- (c) Ensure that financial resources to support exchanges and activities are available prior to undertaking them.

- (d) Develop modalities of financial obligations and establish financial agreement for implementation of activities in the remit of the Joint Action Plan.
- (e) Develop modalities of financial obligation between the Parties to cover the domestic travel and hospitality national and availability of international experts for the implementation of the projects/activities.
- (f) Jointly develop modalities of international collaboration with international cities and regions in remit of this Agreement.
- (g) Inform their respective national governments periodically about the activities being undertaken under this Agreement.

6) Statutory Compliance

- (a) This Agreement shall not create binding obligations among the Parties. Nothing in the Agreement shall preclude either of the Parties from exercising any measures and satisfying any obligations prescribed under the laws of their respective jurisdiction.
- (b) This Agreement is not intended to create a legal binding obligation to expend funds or resources by either party, but is a statement of bona fide intent of the participants. It sets forth the entire understanding of the participants in respect of the collaboration considered.

7) Implementation of the Agreement

- (m) The Parties shall, within the remit of their respective capacities, mandates and resources, make the necessary arrangement to ensure mutually satisfactory implementation of this Agreement.
- (n) The Parties shall publicize this Agreement by mentioning such cooperation in any relevant documents and materials related to the activities implemented under this Agreement.

8) Amendment

This Agreement may be amended at any time by written agreement among the Parties.

9) Duration & Termination of Agreement

The Twinning Agreement shall remain in force for three years subject to renewal or unless either Party gives a written notice to the other Party of its intention to terminate the Agreement at least three (03) months in advance. The termination of an existing Agreement shall not affect completion of the ongoing projects carried out under such Agreement.

10) Nodal Officers

Th	ne Nodal Officers for	or this Agreement shall	be as under:-			
I.	-	l Corporation / Council India) -			City	
II.	For the		(Foreign	City/Province,	Country)-	
11) Settlement of Disputes Any dispute, controversy or claim arising out of the agreement or the breach, termination						
or invalidity thereof which could not be settled through direct negotiations would be amicably settled through conciliation and discussions.						
	For and on	behalf of	For and on behalf of		f	
Dated						