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No.N-11028/1/2008/IHSDP/JNNURM –Vol. X Government of India Ministry of Housing and Urban Poverty Alleviation INNURM Directorate

Room No. 201 G Wing New Delhi, dated 28th August, 2008

OFFICE MEMORANDUM

The undersigned is directed to enclose herewith a copy of the minutes of the 38th meeting of the Central Sanctioning Committee of Ministry of Housing and Urban Poverty Alleviation held on 14th August, 2008 under the Chairmanship of Secretary (HUPA) to consider and sanction projects under Integrated Housing and Slum Development Programme (IHSDP).

2. The appraisal agencies (i.e. HUDCO and BMTPC) are requested to convey the decisions of the Central Sanctioning Committee to the State implementing agency/nodal agency for IHSDP to take appropriate follow up actions as per the minutes of the meeting.

3. A copy of the minutes is forwarded to the Secretaries in-charge of BSUP and IHSDP in the States/UTs with a request to take further follow up action.

(M. Jayachandran)

(M. Jayachandran) Deputy Director (BSUP) Telephone No. +91-11-23061519

Encl: Minutes of the meeting

To Members of the CSC as follows:

- 1. The Joint Secretary (JNNURM) and Mission Director, Ministry of HUPA.
- 2. The JS&FA, Ministry of Urban Development, Nirman Bhavan, New Delhi.
- 3. The Joint Secretary (UD), Ministry of Urban Development, Nirman Bhavan, New Delhi.
- 4. The CMD, HUDCO, India Habitat Centre, Lodhi Road, New Delhi.
- 5. The Director (UPA), Convenor, Ministry of HUPA

Copy to the Joint Secretary (PF-I), Department of Expenditure, Ministry of Finance, North Block, New Delhi.

Copy to the concerned officer in respect of projects considered in the meeting:-

- Shri Chintamani, Director, SUDA, Government of Uttar Pradesh, 10-Ashok Marg, Navchetna Kendra, Lucknow
- 2. Shri Anand Mohan, Project Director, LSG Department, Government of Rajasthan, Jaipur.
- 3. Shri Kousik Das, Additional Chief Engineer, ME Directorate Department of Municipal Affairs, Government of West Bengal, 1st Floor, Bikash Bhavan, Kolkata-700 091

Copy to the Secretaries in charge of Basic Services to the Urban Poor (BSUP) and Integrated Housing & Slum Development Programme (IHSDP) in the States/UTs:-

The Secretary,	The Principal Secretary,
Municipal Administration Department,	Urban Development & Tourism,
Government of Andhra Pradesh,	Government of Arunachal Pradesh,
L-Block Secretariat,	Civil Secretariat,
Hyderabad-500 002.	Itanagar.
The Commissioner & Secretary,	The Secretary,
UD Department,	Urban Development Department, Government of Bihar,
Government of Assam, Assam Secretariat,	Vikash Bhawan,
Dispur,	New Secretariat,
Guwahati -781 006.	Patna
The Additional Secretary & Director	The Secretary (Housing),
(BUDA),	Government of Bihar
Urban Development Department,	Sachivalaya
Government of Bihar,	Patna – 800 015
Vikash Bhawan, Patna	
	The Secretary(Housing)
The Secretary, School Education & UD/LSG,	Government of Goa,
Government of Chhattishgarh,	Secretariat Annexe,
Room NO 254, DKS Bhawan,	EDC House,
Mantralaya, Raipur.	Panaji- 403 001
The Principal Secretary(UD) & Housing,	The Chief Executive Officer,
Government of Gujarat,	Gujarat Urban Development Mission,
Block No, 14, 9 th Floor,	GMFB Building, Sector-10A,
New Sachivalaya,	Gandhinagar – 382 016.
Gandhinagar-382 010.	
The Commissioner & Secretary,	The Secretary (UD),
Department of Urban Development,	Government of Himachal Pradesh,
Government of Haryana,	Shimla – 171 002
SCO-20 Sec.7C, Chandigarh – 160 001.	
The Secretary,	The Principal Secretary (Housing),
Housing and UD Department,	Government of Himachal Pradesh,
Government of Jammu & Kashmir,	Shimla – 171 002
New Secretariat, Srinagar	
'I'he Director,	The Secretary
Urban Local Bodies	Urban Development Department,
Government of Jammu & Kahsmir, 151-A/D, Gandhi Nagar,	Government of Jharkhand, Ranchi -834 004.
Jammu.	The Dringing Secretary (Housing)
The Secretary (Housing)	The Principal Secretary (Housing) Government of Karnataka,
Government of Jharkhand,	Room No.213,
Project Building, Dhurwa, Ranchi-834004	2 nd Floor, Vikas Sauda
	Dr. B.R. Ambedkar Road, Bangalore-560 001

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The Principal Secretary to Government UD Department, Government of Karnataka Room No.436, 4 th Floor, Vikas Sauda Dr. B.R.Ambedkar Road Bangalore 560 001	The Secretary (Housing), Government of Kerala, Secretariat, Thiruvananthapuram – 695 001
The Principal Secretary,	The Secretary ,
Local Self Government Department	Local Self Government,
Government of Kerala	Government of Kerala,
Thiruvananthapuram – 695 001	Thiruvananthapuram-695 001
The Executive Director Kudumbashree State Poverty Eradication Mission Government of Kerala 2 nd Floor, TRIDA Building, Chalakuzhy Road, Medical College (PO), Thiruvananthapuram 695 011. The Principal Secretary (Housing &	The Principal Secretary, Urban Administration and Development Department, Government of Madhya Pradesh, Mantralaya, Bhopal - 462 032 The Commissioner,
Environment),	Urban Administration & Development,
Government of Madhya Pradesh,	Government of Madhya Pradesh,
Mantralaya, Ballabh Bhavan,	Nagar Palika Bhavan, Shivaji Nagar
Bhopal - 462 032	Bhopal -462 016
The Principal Secretary (UD), Government of Maharashtra, Room No.425, 4 th floor Mantraalaya, Mumbai-400 032	The Principal Secretary (Housing), Government of Maharashtra, Room No.268, 2 nd Floor, Mantralaya, Mumbai-400 032
Commissioner & Secretary,	The Secretary,
Urban Affairs & Housing,	Housing, UD & Municipal Administration,
Government of Meghalaya,	Government of Manipur,
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The Commissioner & Secretary (LAD),	The Principal Secretary,
Government of Mizoram,	Urban Development Department,
Civil Secretariat,	Government of Nagaland,
Aizwal-796 001.	Kohima – 797 001
The Commissioner & Secretary, Works &	The Principal Secretary (Housing & UD),
Housing,	Government of Orissa,
Government of Nagaland	Orissa Secretariat,
Kohima – 797 001	Bhubaneswar - 751 001
The Principal Secretary(LSG) Government of Punjab Mini Secretariat Sector-9, Chandigarh 160 001	The Secretary (Housing & UD) Government of Punjab, Room No.419, Mini Secretariat, Sector-9 Chandigarh 160 001

	The Secretary,
The Principal Secretary,	•
UDH & LSG Department,	Local Self Government Department,
Government of Rajasthan	Government of Rajasthan ,
Room No. 29, Main Building,	Room No.39, SSO Building,
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	Jaipur 302 005.
The Secretary,	The Secretary (Housing & UD),
Department of UD & Housing,	Government of Tamil Nadu,
Government of Sikkim,	Fort St. George, Secretariat,
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Gangtok – 737 101	
	The Secretary (UD),
The Secretary,	Government of Tripura
Municipal Administration & Water Supply,	Civil Secretariat,
Government of Tamil Nadu,	Pt. Nchru Complex,
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Lucknow – 226 001	(The Drive in al Securitory (UD)
The Director,	The Principal Secretary (UD),
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Government of Uttar Pradesh,	Uttarakhand Secretariat,
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10, Ashok Marg,	DEFICATION = 248 001.
Lucknow.	
The Project Director (JNNURM),	
Urban Development Directorate,	
Government of Uttarakhand,	
43/6, Mata Mandir Marg,	
Dharampur, Dehradun – 248 001	
	The Secretary (UD & Housing),
The Principal Secretary (UD), Government of West Bengal,	Chandigarh Administration,
Nagarayan DF-8, Sector1,	UT Secretariat, Sector 9,
Bidhannagar,	Chandigarh-160 001
Kolkata 700 064	0
The Secretary (Housing),	The Secretary,
Government of Puducherry,	Local Administration Department
Chief Secretariat,	Government of Puducherry,
Puducherry-605 001	Chief Secretariat,
	Puducherry-605 001
The Principal Secretary (UD),	The Additional Secretary (UD),
Government of NCT of Delhi,	Government of NCT of Delhi,
9 th Floor, C Wing,	Delhi Secretariat, IP Estate,
Delhi Secretariat, IP Estate, New Delhi.	New Delhi-110 002
The Commissioner & Secretary,	The Secretary (Housing & UD),
(Relief & Rehabilitation),	UT of Daman & Diu,
UT of Andaman & Nicobar Islands,	Secretariat,
Secretariat,	Moti Daman-396 220
Port Blair –744 101	

The Secretary (Housing & UD),	The Chief Town Planner,
UT of Dadra & Nagar Haveli,	Town & Country Planning Department,
Secretariat,	UT Administration of Dadra & Nagar
Silvassa-396 220	Haveli, 2 nd Floor, Secretariat,
	Silvasa – 396 230.

Copy to:

- 1. The Joint Secretary to Hon'ble Prime Minister (Kind attention Shri R. Gopalakrishnan), PMO, South Block, New Delhi.
- 2. PS to Hon'ble Minister (HUPA)
- 3. Sr. PPS to Secretary (HUPA)
- 4. Joint Secretary (H), Ministry of HUPA
- 5. The Joint Secretary (PP), Ministry of Minority Affairs, Room No.1125, 11th Floor, Paryavaran Bhavan, CGO Complex, New Delhi.
- 6. Director (UPA), Ministry of HUPA
- 7. OSD (JNNURM), Ministry of HUPA.
- 8. Director (Administration), Ministry of HUPA
- 9. DS(JNNURM), Ministry of HUPA
- 10. US(JNNURM), Ministry of HUPA
- 11. DD(JPC), NBO, Ministry of HUPA
- 12. DD(Data & MIS), NBO, Ministry of HUPA
- 13: SO (IHSDP), Ministry of HUPA
 - 14. The CMD, NBCC, "NBCC Bhavan", Lodhi Road , New Delhi-110 003
- 15. The CMD, HPL, Jangpura, New Delhi-110014
- 16. The Executive Director, BMTPC, Core 5 A, First Floor, India Habitat Centre, Lodhi Road, New Delhi-110 003
- 17. The Director (Corporate Planning), HUDCO, "HUDCO Bhavan", India Habitat Centre, Lodhi Road, New Delhi 110 003.
- 18. The Director, Indian Institute of Technology Delhi, Hauz Khas, New Delhi-110 016
- 19. The Director, Indian Institute of Technology Roorkee, Roorkee, Uttarakhand -- 247 667

Copy to:- Guard folder on JNNURM

(M. Jayachandran) Deputy Director (BSUP)

MINUTES OF THE 38th MEETING OF THE CENTRAL SANCTIONING COMMITTEE (CSC) OF INTEGRATED HOUSING AND SLUM DEVELOPMENT PROGRAMME (IHSDP) UNDER JAWAHARLAL NEHRU NATIONAL URBAN RENEWAL MISSION (JNNURM)

Nirman Bhawan, New Delhi, 14th August, 2008

The 38th meeting of the Central Sanctioning Committee (CSC) of Integrated Housing and Slum Development Programme under Jawaharlal Nehru National Urban Renewal Mission (JNNURM) was held under the Chairmanship of Secretary, Ministry of Housing and Urban Poverty Alleviation in New Delhi on 14th August, 2008. List of participants is at Annexure – I.

2.1. At the outset, Chairman, CSC, and Secretary (HUPA) drew attention of the participants and the States/ULBs towards important aspects of preparation and implementation of projects. He said States/ULBs/implementing agencies/appraisal agencies should bear these aspects in mind at the time of preparation and implementation of projects. He said Joint Secretary (JNNURM) and Mission Director would give a broad view of these important aspects.

2.2. Chairman, CSC and Secretary (HUPA) suggested the following for reducing escalation in the cost of project:-

- i) Purchasing materials (cement, steel, sanitary pipes, electrical items) in bulk, wherever considered prudent and feasible with a view to reducing cost;
- ii) Encouraging labour contribution from the beneficiaries under the supervision of qualified personnel;
- iii) Bifurcating tendering (between housing component and infrastructure component) with a view to reducing the possibility of time and cost overruns; and
- iv) Creating/Using a revolving "Basic Services for Urban Poor (BSUP) Fund" carmarked out of the municipal budget and supplemented by other innovative measures like cross subsidization for meeting escalation.

He stated that similar action taken in the State of Andhra Pradesh is a useful example.

2.3. Chairman, CSC and Secretary (HUPA) said that States should take steps for instituting Third Party Inspection and Monitoring mechanism



(TPIM). This is an essential instrument to ensure quality execution of projects and will be a strong deterrent against any attempt to use poor quality materials and undertake poor construction work. Digitized monitoring system is another important aspect of project implementation towards achieving transparency and efficiency. The State of Andhra Pradesh has already gone on-line in updating the JNNURM data. Other States should strive to do the same. Financial and physical progress of all projects under BSUP and IHSDP should be put on the JNNURM tracking system. If need be training programme can also be organized on request.

2.4. Chairman, CSC, and Secretary (HUPA) reiterated the importance of community infrastructure in the slum development projects. The design and size of proposed community infrastructure should be in line with the socio economic survey. The survey should reveal the details of not only main occupation but also subsidiary occupation of the slum dwellers. In case the beneficiaries are engaged in production of goods, a livelihood centre should be considered for provision in the pocket. In case of scarcity of land for providing community infrastructure, the SLNA/ULB should evolve innovative practices. This is essential for providing facilities such as crèche, rooms for a male and female doctor and multipurpose hall etc. The appraising agencies need to play a greater role in providing necessary guidance in this matter to the State/ULB.

2.5. Regarding design and layout plan for either the in-situ redeveloped slum or a relocated slum, Chairman, CSC, and Secretary (HUPA) said that same should be prepared in such a manner that the construction does not tend to become a concrete jungle. Accordingly, along with community infrastructure, the pocket should have adequate open areas and green areas. Ideally, a relocated pocket should have 15% green areas. In the case of in-situ redevelopment, there should be a minimum of 10% green area. Where BSUP/IHSDP projects are proposed in unauthorized areas, such projects should be preferably undertaken on a redevelopment basis.

2.6. Chairman, CSC reiterated the need to bring proposals for release of 2^{nd/3rd} instalments based on the actual progress on the ground and utilization of Central Share, State Share and ULB share. States should come up with proposals in the prescribed format for second and subsequent instalments for already sanctioned projects. Release of funds for sanctioned projects and completion thereof should be accorded Top Priority. Central share along with State share should be released to ULBs within 2-3 days from the date of receipt of ACA. Any delay on this

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account would result in delay in the completion of projects which would put the poor beneficiaries under undue hardship.

2.7. Chairman, CSC also drew attention of the States/UTs towards the Prime Minister's New 15-Point Programme for the Welfare of the Minorities. An important objective of the new programme is to ensure that the benefits of various government schemes for the underprivileged reach the disadvantaged sections of the minority communities. In this regard, care should be taken to take up clusters of minority beneficiaries to the extent possible. Wherever feasible, efforts should be made to allocate up to 15% of targets and outlays under BSUP and IHSDP for the minorities. Similarly, priority should be given to accommodate physically challenged beneficiaries.

2.8. The following issues, raised in previous meetings, directly related to improving the quality of life of the urban poor, were reiterated by the Chairman, CSC:-

- In case there is time constraint, a regular socio-economic survey can be preceded by a rapid survey for identifying beneficiaries, their main and subsidiary occupations, their educational profile and felt-needs so as to design appropriate social infrastructure for each project. Willingness of the beneficiaries should also be taken for any rehabilitation/relocation projects.
- Affordability of the urban poor should be kept in view while working out Beneficiary Contribution. Overall construction cost of the housing unit should be kept at a minimum. The housing component should generally be at least 50% of the total project cost with a view to giving primacy to provision of shelter to the urban poor except where housing units have already been constructed/are being constructed under VAMBAY or other EWS scheme of Central or State Governments. Further, considering the difficulties and special needs of the urban poor at some locations, clusters having 15 housing units can also be considered.
- Each project should be accompanied by a list of beneficiaries based on a socio-economic survey and ULBs should go for bio-metric cards, wherever feasible, to avoid the possibility of sale/misuse of housing units allotted to properly targeted beneficiaries. The list should be notified and placed in the website of the ULB/JNNURM.
- The layout plan must be socially cohesive and facilitate social interaction. Efforts may be made for providing at least 30% open spaces with 15% green area in the lay-outs and adequate social and livelihoods infrastructure.

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- Adequate space must be provided for community activities, informal sector markets, livelihood activities, pen for animals (if permitted and required), space to take care of convergent services such as health, education and recreation conforming to the specific needs of each of the slum pockets and their beneficiaries.
- The houses proposed should have two rooms, balcony, kitchen and separate bathroom and latrine, individual water connection and sewer connection. Aspects such as storage space for keeping things in rooms/kitchen, location of kitchen, location of toilet and bathroom in the houses to facilitate privacy, independent access from both rooms to toilet and bathroom, leaving a small space for fitting exhaust fan in kitchen and toilet, balcony for drying clothes etc., are some of the nuances that can be thoughtfully incorporated in the design of the houses for the poor.
- The State authorities/ULBs may adopt some of the innovative designs and layouts of houses, multi-purpose community centres, informal sector markets and animal pen, etc., prepared and compiled by HUDCO and BMTPC. The Toolkit published may be referred to.
- The State authorities in consultation with appraisal agencies should ensure that necessary clearances such as environmental clearance, Coastal Regulation Zone (CRZ) regulation clearance, land use clearance, etc., are obtained. They should also ensure that necessary technical approvals are secured from the competent agencies as per State PWD Code.
- Since these projects are required to be generally completed in 12 to 15 months, it is generally expected that any escalation of the project cost is borne by the State Government/ULB concerned.
- Wherever informal sector markets are taken up as a part of social infrastructure, their operation on a time-sharing basis by inhabitants for enabling wider coverage of the beneficiaries can be considered by the ULB concerned.
- Adequate provision should be made for solid and liquid waste disposal and digester technology can be adopted in place of dualpits/septic tanks wherever feasible.
- Road-side plantations with tree guards are advisable.
- Responsibility of the technical specifications (adherence to State PWD Code) and their approval by the competent authority lies with the ULBs/State Level Nodal Agency. The appraisal agencies must ensure that technical specifications are duly approved by the technically competent authority.

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3.1. Joint Secretary (JNNURM) and Mission Director requested the States/ULBs/Appraisal Agencies to ensure that all the projects for which Central assistance is sought have been prepared as per the latest SOR to obviate under-invoicing leading to cost escalation. Any escalation shall be borne by the States/ULBs. He requested the States/ULBs to come up with new projects along with request for 2nd/3rd/4th instalments. The proposal seeking 2nd/subsequent instalment for projects under IHSDP/BSUP should give break up details of Central share, State share, ULB contribution and beneficiary contribution received and the expenditure thereon.

3.2. Joint Secretary (JNNURM) gave an overview of important aspects of preparation of projects, their appraisal and implementation on the ground. He reiterated the following:-

- Capacity Building Activities: In the year 2006-07, the Ministry of HUPA had released fund to the State Governments for capacity building activities including Research and Training towards implementation of BSUP and IHSDP projects. Unless the States submit utilisation certificates for the funds released earlier, further release of Central Assistance would be held up, as utilisation certificates have to be furnished within 12 months from the date of closure of the financial year to which financial sanction pertains.
- Status of Project Implementation: The States/ULBs should present Quarterly Progress Reports/Monthly Progress Reports before bringing proposals to the Central Sanctioning & Monitoring Committee/Central Sanctioning Committee. Further, one page abstract on the status of implementation of projects & reforms must be presented before presenting the project proposals in the meetings of Central Sanctioning & Monitoring Committee/Central Sanctioning Committee.
- Setting up of PMU/PIA/PIU:should States The submit proposals to the 0/0 OSD (JNNURM) which will get the same appraised; and bring up before the Central Sanctioning & Sanctioning Committee. Committee/Central Monitoring Transparent method should be adopted in the selection and appointment of professionals in PMUs and PIUs. Such appointments should not be permanent in nature but only in Such appointments. short-term consultancy of terms appointments should not be seen as a place for parking deadwood. Each appointment should be based on prescribed terms

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of reference and the deliverables should be measured. Various activities, tasks and outcomes have to be clearly spelt out in the TORs. States/ULBs should exercise utmost caution in making such appointments on a consultancy basis. The States/ULBs minimum expenditure bv should trv and ensure selecting/appointing professionals at an appropriate fee rather than immediately opting for the maximum amount indicated by the Centre. However, the calibre of such professionals should If need be, qualified persons from be of a good level. Central/State Government/ULBs could be posted on deputation. The personnel with PMUs/PIUs should work in tandem/collaboration with the State Level Nodal Agency.

- Fees for Preparation of DPRs: The States should submit proposals to the concerned Appraisal Agency which had appraised the projects. The Appraisal Agency has a crucial role in examining the claim with particular reference to the various stages of improvement and modifications that were brought out in the DPRs before they were finally approved by the Central Sanctioning and Monitoring Committee/Central Sanctioning Committee. The Appraisal Agency will submit proposals to the Ministry for releasing Central Assistance towards the cost of preparation of DPRs (both in the case of DPRs prepared by inhouse personnel as well as by consultants). These will be considered by the Central Sanctioning and Monitoring Committee. After approval, recommendation will be sent to Ministry of Finance/Ministry of Home Affairs for releasing Central Assistancé out of the ACA allocation for the particular State/UT in the case of projects prepared by consultants. The Central Assistance for DPRs prepared through in-house personnel of the States would be released from out of the 1% INNURM fund in the Budget of Ministry of HUPA as decided in the Central Sanctioning & Monitoring Committee/Central Sanctioning Committee meetings earlier.
- Community Development Network (CDN): The State should prioritise and get necessary approval from SLSC/SLCC to the proposals related to Community Development Network (CDN). Such proposals received in the Ministry of HUPA will be appraised by a team working under the GOI-UNDP Project on National Strategy for Urban Poor coordinated by the National Project Coordinator/Deputy Secretary (JNNURM).

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The reports will then be placed before the Central Sanctioning & Monitoring Committee.

- Status report on already sanctioned projects: In all meetings, before new projects are taken up, a status report on already sanctioned projects should be brought up before the Committee. This should cover physical and financial progress of projects, utilization of funds and reforms. The States should submit Quarterly Progress reports and brief Monthly Progress Reports, as per prescribed format, without fail to enable the Ministry to report to Prime Minister's Office in time.
- Third Party Inspection and Monitoring (TPIM) mechanism: TPIM should be instituted to bring transparency and quality in the implementation of BSUP and IHSDP projects. The Ministry would give necessary assistance to the States for TPIM. Toolkit has been prepared and communicated to the State Governments.
- Quality of Projects: Housing for the poor does not mean poor quality housing. Utmost emphasis must be given to the quality of houses for the poor. A vector-free atmosphere and healthy living environment should be ensured in the housing projects under BSUP/IHSDP.
- Socio-economic Survey: No efforts should be spared for conducting socio-economic surveys of potential beneficiaries including preparation of bio-metric cards. Such surveys should emphasize housing, health, educational and livelihood profiles of the urban poor. The survey would assist in designing good BSUP/IHSDP projects by taking into account important aspects such as dependency load in the existing schools and hospitals, need for multi-purpose community centres including livelihood centre and informal sector market. HUDCO and BMTPC have developed good designs of houses and various types of social infrastructure which could be appropriately used while formulating project proposals. A Toolkit has also been published.
- City Poverty Reduction Strategy Report. The city of Rajkot (Gujarat) has brought out a City Poverty Reduction Strategy Report. Other cities/towns may bring out similar reports.
- Convergence of Health, Education and Social Security: It is necessary to integrate provisions of Health, Education and Social Security with Housing for the Poor to enable them to lead a better quality of life. The Urban Local Bodies and the State Governments have a critical role to play to ensure proper convergence of facilities under the already available schemes for

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education, health and social security implemented through different departments/fields. The projects should list out the deficiencies in terms of access to school, primary health centre, provision of social welfare measures so that timely remedial measures in accordance with the socio-economic survey can be taken up.

- **Community Development Network.** The dynamics of the CDN should lead to fraternity with the neighbourhood so that the issues of alienation of all sorts are eliminated. CDN should work towards better inter- and intra- relationships in colonies to get over the dividing forces. This will strengthen a feeling of solidarity among the residents.
- **Projects for in-situ development:** States should come up with projects for in-situ development with good lay-outs and designs. The emphasis should be to provide a better and supportive atmosphere of living. The in-situ development should not end up with creation of another cluster of houses without access to water, sanitation and social infrastructure.
- Sense of belongingness: To create a sense of belongingness, the slums may be named in consultation with the intended beneficiaries. Provision of a low cost enclosure around a slum pocket being covered under BSUP/IHSDP could be considered by a State/ULB in the interest of safety and a sense of local identity, if the cost is not prohibitive.
- Three reforms core to the urban poor: special attention should be paid for implementation of the three reforms stipulated under JNNURM that are critical to the urban poor: (i) internal earmarking within local body budgets for basic services to the urban poor; (ii) provision of basic services including the 7point charter in accordance with agreed timelines; (iii) earmarking at least 20-25% of developed land in all housing projects (both public and private agencies) for EWS/LIG category with a system of cross subsidization. The poor are squeezed out of the urban land market and the issue of land for housing the poor and informal sector activities and security of land tenure must be accorded top-most priority by the State Governments.

4. For the Meeting 15 new projects (3 from Rajasthan, 5 from West Bengal and 7 from Uttar Pradesh) and proposal for releasing 2nd instalment to the State of Andhra Pradesh (2 projects), Uttar Pradesh (1 project) and West Bengal (5 projects) were put up in the agenda. Brief

details of new projects are at Annexure-II. Brief details of proposals for release of 2nd instalment are at Annexure-III.

5. The Chairman, CSC requested the representatives of the State Governments to give an account of the following:-

- Brief details of physical and financial progress of already approved projects including the actual availability of Central share, State share, ULB share, beneficiary contribution, and loan component; tentative schedule for seeking 2nd instalment of Central share; number of houses actually constructed; stage of progress of housing and infrastructure, reforms etc.;
- (ii) Basic details of the present proposals such as total project cost and its break up into housing and infrastructure components (percentages); break-up of cost of housing and infrastructure under Central Share, State share, ULB share, Beneficiary contribution, loan, contribution by parastatals if any; and
- (iii) Design of colony layout and house layout proposed.

6.1. The representative of the State Government of West Bengal presented five IHSDP projects. The CSC observed the following:-

- The design for community centre needs thorough modification. The design developed for the IHSDP project in Kolhapur, Maharashtra, can be considered for suitable adaptation; and
- The design for the informal sector market needs to be modified to provide for adequate space for vendors and buyers.

6.2. The CSC also observed that there has not been any significant improvement in the design and layout of the IHSDP projects being received from the State of West Bengal. The appraising agency (HUDCO) and the SLNA have not paid adequate attention for qualitative improvement in the design and layouts. The design of community infrastructure should be commensurate with the facts and figures brought out by the socio economic survey. In case of scarcity of land for providing such community infrastructure, the SLNA/ULB should evolve innovative practices to build ground plus one or two structure to meet the actual requirements based on socio economic survey. The appraising agency should play a greater role in providing necessary guidance in this matter to the State/ULB. In order to enable the State to come up with improved projects, the Committee deferred the five projects.

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7. On the seven new IHSDP projects from Uttar Pradesh, the CSC decided that they can be brought up before the next meeting of the CSC scheduled on 26.8.2008 to enable a senior officer of the State Government (Director, SUDA, or State Secretary) to present the projects.

• For the projects proposed in Suratgarh and Bikaner, adequate open area and green area needs to be provided. If need be ,some common land required for open area and green area could be obtained through consensual process involving the occupants of land. Adequate awareness needs to be generated among the beneficiaries about the benefit they would get if space is made available for such community infrastructure. The green area should be in addition to the open area. In a redeveloped colony, the green area should be of the order of about 10% whereas in a relocated colony this should be of the order of about 15% of the total area.

8.2. In order to enable the State agency to come up with a better design and layouts providing adequate community infrastructure including adequate open area and green area, the CSC deferred the two projects (for Suratgarh and Bikaner).

8.3. Regarding the IHSDP project for the town of Jaitran, the appraising agency made the following the following comments:-

- Adequate open space and green area have been provided in the layout plan;
- Latest SOR has been adopted while working out the cost estimates;
- Slum-wise details of livelihood of the proposed beneficiaries have been furnished; and
- Adequate social infrastructure has been proposed in the project.

Accordingly, the CSC approved the project for Jaitaran and abstract of the approved project is at Statement-I of Annexure-IV.

9.1. Deputy Secretary (JNNURM) presented the proposals seeking 2nd and final instalment for 5 projects in the State of West Bengal, 2 projects in Andhra Pradesh and 1 project in Uttar Pradesh. He informed the Committee that in respect of the States of Andhra Pradesh and West



Bengal, the financial progress of these projects make them eligible for the release of 2nd instalment.

9.2 Chairman, CSC, emphasized that the States/ULBs must implement reforms as per the targets in MOA and any delay in that should be addressed immediately. He also reiterated that the projects have to be executed as per sanctioned DPR and any escalation in cost on that account would be borne by the State/ULB. The states of West Bengal & Andhra Pradesh reiterated commitment to reforms and stated that all pending reforms will be completed soon.

9.3 Accordingly, the CSC approved the proposals for releasing 2^{nd} and final instalment for 5 projects in West Bengal and 2 projects in Andhra Pradesh. Details of the 2^{nd} instalment approved are at Annexure-V.

9.4. The proposal for releasing 2nd instalment for 1 project (Raebareli) in Uttar Pradesh was deferred as details of progress of implementation of reforms and status of release and utilisation of State share were not available.

10.1. OSD (JNNURM) drew attention towards the directions given by Chairman, CSC to the appraisal agencies for submitting project related documents to NBO which is the custodian of records of JNNURM. He informed the Committee that so far the appraisal agencies (HUDCO and BMTPC) have not submitted any such records.

10.2. Chairman, CSC, and Secretary (HUPA) was dissatisfied with the undue delay on the part of HUDCO and BMTPC in furnishing BSUP and IHSDP related project documents (such as original DPRs, revised DPRs, appraisal reports, financial and physical abstracts). These documents are required in the Ministry to respond to queries under RTI and any other reference from any other agency. He directed that the appraising agencies should forthwith submit the documents. To start with, at least 10 DPRs and their related documents should be furnished every week. OSD (JNNURM) & Director (NBO) should monitor the progress. If no document is submitted within a week, the concerned officers in BMTPC and HUDCO would be held responsible. OSD (JNNURM) should pursue this matter on regular basis.

11. Chairman, CSC and Secretary (HUPA) directed the appraisal agencies to be prudent in their appraisal work. The Headquarters of



HUDCO should ensure that only those projects for which DPRs have been received and appraised properly by them are sent to the Central Sanctioning and Monitoring Committee/Central Sanctioning Committee for its consideration. The appraising agency should ensure that they receive 4 copies of the DPR (one each to be kept in the Regional Office & Headquarters of HUDCO and two copies to be sent to NBO, the custodian of INNURM documents). The Headquarters of HUDCO should thoroughly scrutinize appraisal reports signed by the Regional Chief/Executive Director, received from their Regional Offices, with Then a duly signed appraisal report by the reference to the DPR. Executive Director/Director at the Head Office should be sent to the Central Sanctioning and Monitoring Committee/Central Sanctioning The 20-point checklist to be Committee as a draft Agenda item. submitted along with the appraisal report has to be filled up by the appraising agency before any projects are sent to the Central Sanctioning and Monitoring Committee/Central Sanctioning Committee.

12. Concluding the meeting, the Chairman of CSC and Secretary (HUPA) drew attention towards the benefit of bringing out a City Poverty Reduction Strategy Report. The city of Rajkot (Gujarat) has brought out such a Report which could be a model for other cities/towns. He once again urged the States/UTs/ULBs/parastatals (e.g., Development Authority)/implementing agencies/appraisal agencies to adhere to the guidelines as well as undertake measures for smooth implementation of the projects to benefit urban poor.

13. The meeting ended with a vote of thanks to the Chair.

LIST OF PARTICIPANTS IN THE 38th MEETING OF CENTRAL SANCTIONING COMMITTEE (CSC) OF IHSDP HELD UNDER THE CHAIRMANSHIP OF SECRETARY (HUPA) ON 14.8.2008

- 1. Dr. Harjit S. Anand, Secretary, in Chair Ministry of Housing and Urban Poverty Alleviation
- 2. Dr. P.K. Mohanty, Joint Secretary (JNNURM) and Mission Director, Ministry of HUPA
- 3. Shri D.S. Negi, OSD (JNNURM), Ministry of HUPA
- 4. Shri V.K. Gupta, Deputy Financial Adviser, Ministry of Urban Development
- 5. Shri Deena Nath, Deputy Director, Ministry of Finance, New Delhi.
- 6. Shri Umraw Singh, Deputy Director, Ministry of HUPA
- 7. Shri S. Bandyopadhyay, Accounts Officer (JNNURM), Ministry of HUPA.
- 8. Ms. Usha P. Mahavir, Deputy Chief, HUDCO, New Delhi.
- 9. Ms. Radha Roy, Assistant Chief, HUDCO, New Delhi.
- 10. Shri C.N. Jha, Development Officer, BMTPC, New Delhi
- 11. Shri Pankaj Gupta, Development Officer, BMTPC, New Delhi
- 12. Shri A.P. Tiwari, ACP, HUDCO, New Delhi
- 13. Dr. D.Subramaniam, Executive Director, HUDCO, Kolkata
- 14. Shri. Kousik Das, Additional Chief Engineer, ME Dte.Department of Municipal Affairs, Government of West Bengal, 1st Floor, Bikash Bhavan, Salt Lake, Kolkata-700 091
- 15. Shri R.B. Dohare, S.R.E, C&DS, U.P. Jalnigam, Jhansi
- 16. Shri Ashok Kumar Savita, APO, U.P. Jalnigam, Jhansi
- 17. Shri A.Chakraborty, AO (P), HUDCO, Ranchi
- 18. Shri Anand Mohan, Project Director, LSG Department, Government of Rajasthan
- 19. Shri S.S. Gupta, Project Manager, Unit-8, C&DS, Agra
- 20. Shri Praveen Prakash, MD, APUFIDC, Hyderabad
- 21. Shri M.S. Raghavendra, UC, APUFIDC, Hyderabad
- 22. Shri R.P. Misra, Project Manager, C&DS, Jhansi
- 23. Shri Suresh Chander Agaria, DUDA, Lalitpur, Uttar Pradesh
- 24. Shri Karamchand Arora, Additonal Engineer, Municipal Board Suratgarh, Rajasthan
- 25. Shri R.P.Gahlot, Consultant, M.C. Bikaner, Rajasthan
- 26. Shri Vinod Patni, UCM, MB, Suratgarh, Rajasthan
- 27. Shri V.K. Verma, DUDA, Jhansi, Uttar Pradesh
- 28. Shri Indra Singh Rathore, Executive Officer, Municipal Board, Jaitaran, Pali, Rajasthan
- 29. Shri M. Jayachandran, Deputy Director, Ministry of HUPA

(Paget af 6	₹ F		Brief)	jenda Brief)	38 th Meeting of CSC, dated: 14.8.2008 (38 th Meeting of (
	livelihood centres, 2 rickshaw stands and 1 digester proposed under Social infrastructure with (app.) 50% infrastructure cost of project.								
	 10 Community centres, 1 animal plane, 6 								
	 Total 362 DU of 25 Sq. mtr. / du in single storey structure are proposed to built with basic infrastructure facilities like drainage, road, hedge etc. on in-situ basis. 							······································	
to 12	• The ratio of housing and infrastructure cost is 58: 42.				· ·			<u></u>	
01	 Title of land is with the beneficiaries. 							<u> </u>	
	 The duly certified beneficiaries list has been furnished. 								
	the agency.					Murshidabad West Bengal			
	• The livelihood survey has been carried out by					(Phase-I) , Distt	West Bengal		
	• Flected body is in existence					Beldanga	Murshidabad	<u>.</u>	
	 SECC approval for specifically for this project needs to obtain. 	617	1.02	4.30	0.61	for the town of	District-	?	(
		ment					Doldana.	•	381
Page	Project Brief	lst/2nd Install -	State	Central	Project Cost	Project Title	State/ ULB	No.	ń C (
-,	Rs. in Crores								ic (11
	INTEGRATED HOUSING & SLUM DEVELOPMENT PROGRAMME (IHSDP)	ELOPME	UM DEV	NG & SLI	ISOOH (INTEGRATED			-15

BRIEF SUMMARY OF AGENDA FOR CONSIDERATION OF CENTRAL SANCTIONING COMMITTEE(CSC) UNDER C

ANNEXURE-II (3815 CSC (HSDP)

-	15/24		rief)	(Agenda B	d: 14.8.2008	oSC. date	38th Meeting of CSC, dated: 14.8.2008 (Agenda Briel)	
and 1 digester proposed under Social infrastructure.								
proposed.36 Community Centre, 3 animal								
• The basic infrastructure facilities like drainage, road, hedge etc. on in-situ basis are								
storey structure are proposed to built in 34 slums on in-situ basis.							·	
• Total 790 DU of 25.00 Sq. mtr. / du in single					÷			
project.	·				:	•		
 The layout plan/ maps for 10 slums are submitted, out of 34 no. slums covered in the 						· · ·		
 The ratio of housing and infrastructure cost is 50: 50 of project cost. 								
• Title of land is with the beneficiaries					2			
• The duly certified beneficiaries list has been furnished.		•			bur, Bengal	Dinajpur, West Bengal		,
the agency.					n	Dakhin	West Bengal	
• The livelihood survey has been carried out by					(Phase-I). Distt	(Phase	Dinajpur,	
 Elected body is in existence. 					Balurghat	Balurghat	Dakhin	
 SLCC approved the project on 11.08.08 	5.67	4.4]	11.34	15.76	IHSDP scheme	IHSDP for the	Balurghat, Distt -	
• The project duration is one year.		.						3
2008.								
 The estimates are based on PWD SOR May 								

		Jage 3 af 6	18/18- 18/18-	ī	rief)	(jenda Brief)	38th Meeting of CSC, dated: 14.8.2008 (38th Meeting of C	
(6		 The estimates are based on PWD SOR 2008. The project duration is one year. 							
		under Social infrastructure.							
		Centers, 2 animal pens, 2 livelihood centre,							
	ć	• The basic infrastructure facilities like drainage, I road, hedge etc are proposed. 1 Community							
	2 to	slums on in-situ basis.							
	26	storey structure is proposed to build in 16							
	•	• Total 362 DU of 25.00 Sq. mtr. /du in single							
	•	 The tayout plan/maps for To stums, covered in the project has been submitted 							
		47: DI of project cost.							
		• The ratio of housing and infrastructure cost is				•			
		 Title of land is with the beneficiaries. 							
		 Ine duly certified beneficiaries list has been furnished. 	<u></u>	_					
		The agency.					Bengal		
	<u>.</u>	• The livelihood survey has been carried out by	*				Purulia, West	Bengal	
		 Elected body is in existence. 					for the town of	Distt Purulia Weet	
		 SLCC approved the project on 08.02.08 	2.60	2.21	5.21	7.42	IHSDP scheme	Jhalda,	D
		 The project duration is one year. 							
		 The estimates are based on PWD SOR May 2008 							

		.m								_															
38th Meeting of	Distt	Darjeeling,																	. ,		0	West Bengal	Birbhum,	Distt	Suri town,
38th Meeting of CSC, dated: 14.8.2008 (Agenda Brief)	for the town of	IHSDP scheme		<u>.</u>	<u></u>															c	West Bengal	Distt Birbhum.	Suri town,	for the town of	IHSDP scheme
(Agenda S		18.98			-					· · · · ·															14.46
Srief)		13.58										. <u>.</u>													10.40
tl		5.40																							4.05
我 11		6.79																							5.20
Page 4 of 6	• Elected body is in existence.	 SLCC approved the project on 11.08.2008. 	 The project duration is one year. 	2008.	 The estimates are based on PWD SOR May, 	infrastructure.	centre /market proposed to build under Social	rickshaws shed 1 digester and 23 Informal	Centers, 5 animal pens, 3 livelihood centre, 5	 The basic intrastructure tacilities like drainage, road, hedge etc are proposed 10 Community 		slums on in-situ basis.	storey structure is proposed to build in 24	• Total 728 DU of 25.00 Sq. mtr. /du in single	• The layout plan/maps for 24 slums submitted	50: 50 of project cost.	 The ratio of housing and infrastructure cost is 	 Title of land is with the beneficiaries. 	furnished.	 The duly certified beneficiaries list has been 	the agency.	 The livelihood survey has been carried out by 		Florton body is in existence	• SLCC approved the project on 26.6.2008
									51 0	39	,														
ł	(L <u></u>																						

7 2nd 38th Meeting of CSC, dated: 14.8.2008 (...genda Brief) Sanction of release of Bengal for West Installment West Bengal Darjeeling, release of 2nd Sanction of 5 projects Bengal. from West installment tor Bengal Distt.-Darjeeling, Darjeeling, West $\overline{\infty}$ Er C 16.02 The livelihood survey has been carried out by CSC had approved one project each from The duly certified beneficiaries list has been The layout plan/maps for 21 slums submitted • The ratio of housing and infrastructure cost is Title of land is with the beneficiaries. share approved of Rs. 33.78 Cr. The estimates are based on PWD SOR 2008 The basic infrastructure facilities like drainage, • Total 890 DU of 25.00 Sq. mtr. /du in single ACA of Rs. 13.33 Cr. had been released Chakdaha, Haldia, Taki, Mathabanga and Cooch Behar of West Bengal with total central towards the 1st installment for projects. The project duration is one year. the agency. furnished. digester and 5 Informal centre / market proposed to build under Social infrastructure road, hedge etc are proposed. 7 Community Centers, 1 animal pen, 7 livelihood centre, 1 storey structure is proposed to build in 21 52.75:47.25. slums covered on in-situ basis. C 52 66 72 to 67

Jage 5 of 6

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38th Meeting of CSC, dated: 14.8.2008 (Agenda Brief)

TOTAL 62.83 44.91 17.88 38.47 • State Govt. had release cumulative amount projects is more than 70% of funds released. • The average utilization of central share in all 5 installment of ACA for these 5 projects is Rs. projects. (including ULB share)of Rs. 1.89 Cr. for same 5 \bullet Amount recommended for release as 2^{nd} 16.02 Cr.

		We	st Be	nga	 [St	ate							
TOTAL West Bengal	Cooch Behar	Mathabanga	Iakı	Haldia		Chakdaha									Name of city
	IHSDP	IHSDP	IHSDP	IHSDP	11001	מרארו	<u></u>							Project	Name of
3378.08	675.06	231.73	394.37	860.92	1210.00	1716 00					Thinker	Approved	chare	central	7
1002.26	73.00	28.97	49.47	688.74	102.08	161 00						approved	approved	State	2
1333.56	337.53	115.86	197.19	(14.98)	344.31	200							ICICASEU	ACA	
1191.25	236.88	97.94	156.81	273.67	423.95		1			utilised	share	Central	<u></u>	Amount	
	70.185	84.53%	79.52%	79.47%	70.06%								unisation	%of	
189.59	34.83	14.49	24.74	34.49	81.04		•		released	share	ULB	State+) OI	Amount	
144.12	25.62	12.25	19.67	29.80	56.78				utilised	share	ULB	State+	of	Amount	
	73.56%	84.54%	79.51%	86.40%	70.06%								utilisation	%of	(1
1602.96	337.53	115.87	197.18	344.37	608.00	ACA	Iment of	2 nd instal	as	release	for	ended	recomm	Amount	(Rupees lakhs)
	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%		approved	share	central	total	ded to the	recommen	amount	% of	S)

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ANNEXURE-

IF(SDP 38th CSC 14-08-2008

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	Andhra Prac	lesh		State
TOTAL A	Kurnool	Tirupati		Name of city
TOTAL Andhra Pradesh	Construction of 2112 houses and Providing Infrastructure Facilities	Construction of 4087 houses and Providing Infrastructure Facilities		Name of Project
5473.82	1698.6 8	3775.1 4		Total central share Approve d
376.62	86.75	289.87		State Share approved (Excluding Ben. contribution
2736.91	849.34	1887.57	l st installme nt	Central share Released, so far
2219.48	813.25	1406.23		Amount of Central share utilised
	95.75%	74.49%		%of utilisati on
94.14	21.68	72.46		Amoun t of State+ ULB share release d
88.24	15.78	72.46		Amoun t of State+ ULB share utilised
	72.78%	100%	للمتغ	%of utilisatio n
2736.91	849.34	1887.57	2 nd installment	Amount recommend ed for release as 2 nd /installm ent of ACA
	100%	100%		% of amount recommende d to the total central share approved

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IHSDP 38th CSC 14-08-2008

(Rupees lakhs)

Uttar Pradesh / IHSDP 116.14 Raebareli								Project share	State/ city Name of Tota
							Approved		Total central
20.23	uou)	tion	contribu	ng Ben.	(Excludi		approve	Share	State
58.07					Keleased	share	of Central	installment	
48.48					utilised	share	Central	of .	Amount
83.49 %							ion	utilisat	%of
10.01					-		released	ULB share	Amount of State+
\$\$					utilised	share	ULB	of State+	Amount
\$\$				on	ati	lis	uti	٥ſ	%
58.07			2 nd instal	as	release	for	ended	recomm	Amount
100%	approrea	annroved	share	central	total	ded to the	recommen	amount	% of

22/24

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(Rupees lakhs)

IHSDP 37th CSMC 14-08-2008

Annexure-IV

				Total Project Cost (A+R+C)	eron beneficiari	and 12% for General category beneficiaries.	
)BC	6 for SC/ST/O	upgradation DUs is 10% for SC/ST/OBC	
0.00	11.00	0.00	11.00	C A&OE	ution in case of	* Beneficiaries contribution	
148.15	177.17	296.30		Total Proje	133000.00	Total	
89.00	44.50	177.99	22	0.00 B Sub Total (B)	13300.00	Beneficiaries Contribution *	4
2.46	1.23	4.91	6.14	9. Arboriculture	55700.00	ULB share	رى (د
3.60	1.80	7.20	9.00	0.00 8. Animal Pen	0	State share	2)
15.44	7.72	30.89	38.61	1.00 7. Sewerage System	64000.00	Central Share	9
4.04	2.02	8.07	10.09	(Rs.) 6. Livelihood Centre	(F	const.	
					*	Per DU Finance for new	
23.66	11.83	47.33	59.16		188.17	Total State Share	
3.82	1.91	7.65	9.56	4	- 11	A&OE	£
14.97	7.49	29.94	37.43	27.17 3. Drainage	27	Beneficiaries Share	3)
3.79	1.90	7.58	9.48	175 2. Water Supply	127.75	-	2
17.21	8.60	34.42	43.02	22.25 1. Roads	22	\downarrow	Ŀ
59.16	132.67	118.31	250.99		(Ks in		:
				transteratie in nature.	+	;	
				transferred to female member / joint name and will be non			
				situ and in case of relocation it will be ensured that the same will be			
-				Toilet and bath. Land ownership is with beneficiary family in case of in			
				Building design of new DUs comprise 2 Rooms, Kitchen and separate			
0.16	0.52	0.32	0.84	2Rooms (1@Rs.83802)			
0.08	0.05	0.16	0.21	1K itchen(1@Rs.21200)	•		
0.20	0.74	0.40	1.14	1Toilet (5@Rs.22860)			
1.34	2.60	2.69	5.29	Toilet+Kitchen (12@Rs.44060)			
0.32	1.04	0.64	1.68	1Room (4@Rs.41901)			
0.11	0.41	0.22	0.63	1Room+Kitchen (1@Rs.63101)			
0.14	0.37	0.28	0.65	1Room+1Toilet (1@Rs.64761)			
3.68	12.41	7.36	19.77	1Room+1Toilet+Kitchen (23@Rs.85961)			
				Upgradation (48 Dus)			
53.12	114.54	106.24	220.78	A built-up area is 31.77 Sqm.			
-				Relocation 29 Dus) (@ Rs.133,000/- per DU), Ground flo			
				Insitu/ Relocation new construction of 166 Dus (insitu 137 Dus /			
				IHSDP Scheme for the town of Jaitaran distt. Pali, Rajasthan	Jaitaran	Rajasthan	- <u> </u>
33	Э	(6)	3		3		þ
Central Share	Share	Share	cost	IHSDP Project Name / Components	the city	State/UI	Z
50 % of	State/UT	Central	Total Project		Name of		ŝ
	(Rs in lakh)	(Ks 1					

23/24 1011

kitchen/ toilet or for upgradation of 2 rooms; @ 28000/- for upgradation of 1 room and toilet/kitchen or for upgradation of toilet and kitchen; @ Rs.20,000/- for upgradation of 1 room/kitchen @ 10,000/- for upgradation of toilet. The cost over and above this is to be born by State Govt./ULB /Beneficiaries.

		Andhra	Pradesh								V	Vest	t B	en	gal				State	-					
		2	1						U	ו	4		3		2		-								
Grand Total of	Total	Kurnool	1 irupati	T.				Tota	Cooch Behar		Mathabbanga		Taki		Haldia		Chakdaha		Name of city						
Grand Total of 2nd instalment for 2 States	Total for Andhra Pradesh	Construction of 2112 houses and providing infrastructure facilities	Construction of 408/ houses and providing infrastructure facilities					I otal for West Bengal	town of Cooch Behar	IHSDP Scheme for the	town of Mathabhanga	IHSDP Scheme for the	Taki	IHSDP Scheme for the	town of Haldia	IHSDP Scheme for the	town of Chakdah	IHSDP Scheme for the	Name of Project						
	5473.820	1698.680	3775.140	Approved	share	central	Total	3205.900	675.060		231.728	Ĩ	394.376		688.736		1216.000		Approved	share	central	Total			
	376.620	86.750	289.870	Contri		(excluding	s	969.580	258.800		86.902		147.694		172.184		304.000		apj		Beneficiary	State + ULB+			
	2736.910	849.340	1887.570	Released	ACA		1	1602.950	337.530		115.864		197.188		344.368		608.000		Released	ACA					
	2219.48	813.25	1406.23	q	_,	Central %of		1191.050	236.680		97.940		156.810		273.670		425.950		Ę		Central %of	Amount of			
		95.75%	74.50%	10	share utilisati	%of			70.12%		84.53%		79.52%		79.47%	1	70.06%		on	share utilisati	l‰of	- 			-
	94.140	21.680	72.460	released	share	State+ULB State+UI %of	>	189.590	34.830		14.490		24.740		34.490		81.040		Ben share)	(excluding	released	share	State+ ULB	Amount of	
	88.240	15.780	72.460	utilised n	B share	or State+UII	Amount	144.120	25.620		12.250		19.670		29.800		56.780		utilised n	share	ULB %of	of State+	Amount		
	ľ	73%	100%		B share utilisatio	%of			73.56%		84.54%		79.51%		86.40%		70.06%		n	share utilisatio	%of				(Rs. in lakh)
4339.860	2736.910	849,340	1887.570	of ACA	2 nd installment	for release as	Amount	1602.950			115.864		-197.188		344 368	000,000	000 809		of ACA	2 nd installment	for release as	recommended	Amount		(Rs. in lakh)
		50%	50%	approved	Central share	to the total	% of amount		50%		50%		50%		50%		50%		annroved	Central share	to the total	recommended	% of amount		